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1. Agni - 5

- Prelims Agni-5
- Mains GS 3 Science and Technology

Why in the news?

• India Successfully test fired Agni-5 missile from the Integrated Test Range at Chandipur, Odisha.

<u>Agni - 5</u>

- What is it?: Agni-5 is an Intercontinental ballistic missile (ICBM)
- <u>Developed by</u>: Defence Research and Development Organisation (DRDO).
- <u>Features</u>:
 - → Type: Surface-to-surface nuclear-capable ballistic missile.
 - → Range: ~5,000–5,500 km (covers entire Asia, parts of Europe & Africa).
 - → Length: ~17 meters; Diameter: 2 meters.
 - \rightarrow Weight: ~50 tonnes.
 - → Warhead: Nuclear (1.5-ton payload capacity).
 - → **Propulsion: Three-stage, solid-fueled** rocket motors.
 - → Guidance System: Advanced navigation with Ring Laser Gyroscope (RLG) and accelerometers, ensuring high accuracy.
 - → Launch Mode: Canisterized, road-mobile launcher quick deployment, easy storage, improved survivability.

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2. International Solar Alliance (ISA)

- Prelims International Solar Alliance
- Mains GS 3 Environment

Why in the news?

• ISA chief announced that by the end of the year, the International Solar Alliance (ISA) will set up 17 centers of excellence in as many countries, and going ahead, establish a Global Capability Centre (GCC) in India, akin to a "Silicon Valley for solar".

International Solar Alliance (ISA)

- Launched: In 2015 at COP-21, Paris by India and France.
- **Headquarters**: Gurugram, Haryana, India.
- <u>Aim</u>: Promote the large-scale deployment of solar energy and reduce dependence on fossil fuels.
- <u>Nature</u>: The International Solar Alliance (ISA) is a treaty-based intergovernmental organization.
- <u>Membership</u>: Open to all UN member states (initially limited to countries lying between Tropic of Cancer and Tropic of Capricorn).

Objective

- → Mobilize over \$1 trillion in investments by 2030 for solar energy.
- → Facilitate affordable finance and technology transfer.
- → Reduce cost of solar power generation and applications (agriculture, health, transport).
- → Support countries in meeting their Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) under the Paris Agreement.

Initiatives

- → One Sun, One World, One Grid (OSOWOG): A global solar power grid initiative for cross-border transfer of renewable energy.
- → STAR-C (Solar Technology and Application Resource Centre): Capacity-building, research, and training hub for member countries.
- → Scaling Solar Applications for Agriculture (SSA): Promotes solar pumps and technologies for irrigation.







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- → Affordable Finance at Scale (AFS): Attracts global investment and concessional finance for solar projects.
- → ISA Solar Awards: To recognize innovative solar solutions in member countries.

Challenges

- → Unequal capacity and interest among member countries.
- → Financing gaps and high-risk perception in developing nations.
- → Need for **technological adaptation** to diverse geographic conditions.
- → Coordination difficulties in mega projects like OSOWOG.

Significance for India

- → Positions India as a **global leader** in renewable energy diplomacy.
- → Supports India's targets of 500 GW renewable energy capacity by 2030.
- → Enhances **South-South cooperation** and climate leadership.
- → Strengthens India's role in global climate negotiations.

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3. Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU)

- **Prelims** Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU)
- Mains GS 2 International Relations

Why in the news?

• India and the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU), signed the Terms of Reference (ToR) to begin negotiations on a Free Trade Agreement (FTA).

Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU)

- What is it?: The Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) is an economic union established to promote economic integration and cooperation among member states, primarily focusing on Russia, Kazakhstan, Belarus, Armenia, and Kyrgyzstan.
- **Launch**: 2015
- Aim: To create a common market similar to the European Union, facilitating the free
 movement of goods, services, capital, and labor among its members, while
 promoting economic stability, shared infrastructure, and a unified regulatory
 framework.

Objectives

- → Economic Integration: Develops a single economic space among member states, fostering closer economic ties and harmonizing economic policies.
- → Free Movement: Allows the free flow of goods, services, capital, and labor to support seamless trade and employment across member states.
- → Unified Regulations: Establishes common regulations in areas like customs, competition, and technical standards to simplify business and trade within the region.

• India and EAEU:

- → Trade Opportunities: An India-EAEU Free Trade Agreement (FTA) could open new trade routes and markets for Indian goods, especially in pharmaceuticals, agriculture, and information technology.
- → Energy Security: India could gain easier access to EAEU's vast energy resources, including oil and natural gas from Russia and Kazakhstan, enhancing India's energy security.
- → Connectivity Initiatives: India aims to improve connectivity with the EAEU through the International North-South Transport Corridor (INSTC), enhancing trade efficiency.

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4. International Criminal Court (ICC)

- **Prelims -** International Criminal Court (ICC)
- Mains GS 2 International Relations

International Criminal Court (ICC)



Why in the news?

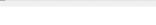
 U.S. expands sanctions on officials of International Criminal Court.

International Criminal Court(ICC)

- What is it?: The International Criminal Court (ICC) is an intergovernmental organisation and international tribunal.
- Formation
 - It is the first international criminal court that is permanently established.
 - The Rome Statute, which served as its foundation document, became effective on July 1, 2002.
- · Headquartered: Hague, Netherland
- What they do?: It looks into and prosecutes those accused of heinous offences such as genocide, crimes against humanity, war crimes, and acts of aggression.
- · Status of India: India not member.



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5. Quantum Mechanics and General Relativity

- **Prelims -** Quantum Mechanics and General Relativity
- Mains GS 3 Science and Technology

Why in the news?

• Scientists in the U.S. are setting up a new experimental design that could let scientists test ideas at the intersection of quantum theory and general relativity.

Quantum Mechanics

• What is it?:

- → It is the branch of physics that explains how **sub-atomic particles**, like electrons and photons, can behave **both as particles and waves**.
- → It is also known as Wave-particle duality, a fundamental principle of quantum physics.

• Key Principles:

- → Particles can behave both as waves and particles Wave-Particle duality.
- → A particle can exist in multiple states until measured **Superposition.**
- → Two particles are related such that estimating one would give the details about the other Entanglement.
- → The position and momentum of a particle can not be determined simultaneously Uncertainty principle.

General Relativity

• What is it?:

- → It is the **modern theory of gravity** proposed by Albert Einstein as an extension to Newtonian Law of Gravity.
- → It describes gravity as the curvature of **space-time fabric** caused by mass and energy rather than the conventional force concept.

• Key Principles:

- → Massive objects like the stars are bending the space-time fabric, causing planets to orbit them Space-Time curvature.
- → Time moves slower in stronger gravitational fields like that of a black hole Time dilation.





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→ In a closed system, acceleration and gravitational forces are indistinguishable
 - Equivalence Principle.

Quantum-Gravity Interface

- Researchers propose using a network of entangled atomic clocks -placed kilometers apart- to probe how quantum theory and general relativity interact in a tangible way.
 - → Entangle optical atomic clocks via a quantum network and place them at different gravitational potentials.
- Entangled clocks experience different proper times because of their distinct gravitational environments.
- When recombined and interfered, their collective quantum behavior encodes information about how time -and by extension, gravity- is affected by quantum superposition.
- This enables experimental tests of quantum theory in curved spacetime, potentially challenging or affirming foundational principles like unitarity, linearity, and the Born rule in this regime.

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6. Sundarban Biosphere Reserve and Saltwater Crocodile

- Prelims Sundarban Biosphere Reserve and Saltwater Crocodile
- Mains GS 3 Environment

Sundarban Biosphere Reserve



Why in the news?

 Estimated population of saltwater crocodiles has shown an uptick in the Sundarban Biosphere reserve compared to last year.

Sundarban Biosphere Reserve

- Location: On the delta of the Ganga, Brahmaputra and Meghna rivers in the Bay of Bengal.
- Include: This Biosphere Reserve includes Sundarban Tiger Reserve, Sundarban National Park (core area), Halliday Island and Lothian Island Wildlife Sanctuaries with Sajnakhali Wildlife Sanctuary forming its buffer area
- Protection: It is designated as a UNESCO World Heritage site.
- Flora: The vegetation of the area is moist tropical forests, tidal forests and mangroves.
- Fauna: It is home to Royal Bengal Tiger, Estuarine Crocodile, Gangetic Dolphin, Water Monitor Lizard etc.





Do You Know?

- It is a transboundary delta and mangrove forest lie between Indian and Bangladesh.
- · Protection Status Alloted to Sundarbans
 - · Ramsar Site
 - · Tiger Reserve
 - National Park
 - · UNESCO World Heritage Site

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Saltwater Crocodile



Why in news?

 Estimated Population of Saltwater crocodiles has shown uptick in the Sundarban Biosphere Reserve compared to last year.

Saltwater Crocodile

- · Features:
 - · Largest of all Crocodilians.
 - It is also called the 'estuarine crocodile' and as the name suggests, is typically found in the brackish water of estuaries.
 - It can also tolerate saltwater in the oceans and can travel long distances over the open ocean, making use of tidal currents.

· Habitat:

- In India Sundarbans, Bhitarkanika National Park and the Andaman and Nicobar Islands.
- Around the World Bangladesh, Malaysia, Indonesia, Brunei, the Philippines, Papua New Guinea, Australia and the Solomon Islands.
- Mangrove forests and Coastal habitats are inhabited.



- Threats: Habitat destruction, fragmentation, and transformation, fishing activities and use of crocodile parts for medicinal purposes.
- · Protection Status:
 - IUCN List of Threatened Species: Least Concern
 - CITES: Appendix I (except the populations of Australia, Indonesia and Papua New Guinea, which are included in Appendix II).
 - · Wildlife Protection Act, 1972: Schedule I